**Знаменитые писатели (8 класс)**

**Цель:** развитие навыков изучающего чтения в рамках изучения темы «Литература»

**Задачи:**

*Образовательная:* способствовать развитию навыков чтения с целью извлечения необходимой информации и развитию навыков говорения.

*Развивающая*: способствовать развитию умения высказываться логично, связно, делать выводы, сравнения; создать условия для активного взаимодействия совершенствования навыков работы в группе.

*Воспитательная*: содействовать развитию интереса к литературе, к стране изучаемого языка и формированию патриотических чувств.

**ХОД УРОКА**

1. **Организационный момент. Приветствие. Определение темы урока.** (finish the phrase “They have stood the test of…” and explain what it means)

2. **Фонетическая разминка.** Read the words without any mistakes: author, biography, autobiography, genre, publish, fascinating, playwright, writer, genius, character, honour, diary, folklore.

3. **Речевая зарядка**. Развитие навыков говорения: put the words “novel, biography, autobiography, diary, legend, fable, travel writing, short story, folklore, fairy tale” into the right group “fiction/non-fiction” and answer the questions about this type of books:

What famous Russian or Belarussian fable writers do you know?

What was your favorite fairy-tale in childhood? Did you like to listen or to read them?

Do you know any Belarusian legends?

Who more often keeps a diary: boys or girls?

Would you like to write your autobiography in future?

Whose biography impressed you?

Do you prefer to read novels or short stories?

What novel did you read last/ would you recommend to read?

What your travel would your write about?

4. **Проверка домашнего задания**. Students retell short biographies of famous writers (portraits on the blackboard).

5**. Развитие навыков чтения и говорения** (приём «Jigsaw reading»). Students are divided into 2 groups. Each group has its own text: the first group will read the text about Maksim Bogdanovich, the other one – about Robert Luis Stevenson. (приложение 1) Then they will have to find the missing information by asking question to each other. Then the teacher will check up the understanding of two texts by giving the students the task “true/false” (приложение 2).

6**. Физкультминутка**

I think you are tired, let’s play the game “words”. I’ll tell you the name of the Author and next person should name the Author from the last letter*.*

7. **Развитие навыков монологической речи**.

Finish the sentence «Reading is useful because…»

- helps to relax and forget about problems, broaden our outlook, gives education, teaches what is right and what is wrong, enrich our inner world and our experience, develop our imagination, helps to understand the world better, a reader lives a richer life

8. **Подведение итогов урока. Рефлексия**. **Объяснение домашнего задания. Выставление и комментирование отметок.**

I’ve learned a lot about different writers and now I’d like to read the works of …

The most surprising fact in the biography of … was …..

9. **Объяснение домашнего задания.** Hometask: ex.5, p.220

 Приложение 1

**Maksim Bagdanovich**

Maksim Bagdanovich (December 9,1891 – May 25, 1917) was a famous Belorusian poet, journalist and literary critics, who was born in Minsk to the family of a scientist. In 1892 the family moved to Grodno where his mother soon died of tuberculosis (туберкулез).

In 1896 the poet’s father, Adam Bogdanovich, moved with his children to Nizhny Novgorod, Russia. Aat that time Maksim wrote his first poems in the Belarusian language. In 1902 Bogdanovich studied in gymnasium.

In 1907 “Nasha Niva” came out with Bogdanovich’s first published work – the novel **“Muzyka”.**

In June 1908 the poet’s family moved to Yaroslavl. After finishing school in 1911 Bagdanovich he began studying law at Yaroslavl lyceum. During his studies Bagdanovich worked at the newspaper, wrote a lot of works of literature and was published in both Belarus and Russia.

At the beginning of 1914 his book of poems, which was called **‘Vianok’**, was published in Vilno. In the summer of 1916, after finishing the lyceum, Maxim Badganovich went to Minsk and worked at the local administration.

In February 1917 Bagdanovich went to Crimea to be treated (лечиться) for tuberculosis. The treatment didn’t help him, and that year he died in Yalta.

The poet’s papers were kept at his father’s house, but the collection was heavily damaged during the Russian Civil (гражданская) War in 1918.

1. When and where was Maksim Bogdanovich born?

2. Where did he study?

3. What was his first published work?

4. When and where was it published?

5. What was the name of his famous book of poems?

6. Where did he die?

1. When and where was Stevenson born?

2. Why did he travel a lot?

3. Where did he met the woman he loved?

4. Where was one of the main travels of his life?

5. What is his most famous novel?

6. At what age did he die?

**Robert Louis Stevenson**

Robert Louis Stevenson was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, in 1850. He was a sickly child who spent much time reading about travel and adventure. His love for adventure and poor health made him spend many years travelling the world. He was looking for a climate that was healthier and warmer than Britain’s.

One of the main travels of his life was to America to join the woman he loved – Fanny Osbourne, whom he met in France in 1876. When he came to New York in August 1879 he was without any money and often between life and death on his way to San Francisco, where Fanny lived. In May 1880 Fanny and Robert got married and went back to Britain together with Fanny’s children from her first marriage (от первого брака). He loved her children and they gave back this love. His family encouraged a lot of literary works – **“Treasure Island”** (his most famous novel), **“The Black Arrow”**, **“Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hide”** and many essays and plays.

The family continued to travel to Switzerland, France and other warmer places. In 1890, with his family and mother he went to live in the faraway Samoan Islands in the South Pacific. He died there in 1894 at the age of 44. Stevenson’s life is shown in many of his works – he left a treasure of essays, diaries, poetry, letters, short stories and novels.

1. When and where was Maksim Bogdanovich born?

2. Where did he study?

3. What was his first published work?

4. When and where was it published?

5. What was the name of his famous book of poems?

6. Where did he die?

1. When and where was Stevenson born?

2. Why did he travel a lot?

3. Where did he met the woman he loved?

4. Where was one of the main travels of his life?

5. What is his most famous novel?

6. At what age did he die?

 Приложение 2

 TRUE OR FALSE

1. Maksim Bogdanovich was born in Minsk in 1891.

2. He studied at grammar school.

3. His first published work was “Vyanok”.

4. His first work was published in “Nasha Niva” in 1905.

5. The name of his book of poems was “Vyanok”.

6. Stevenson was born in London in 1850.

7. He travelled a lot because he was looking for a warmer climate.

8. One of the main travels of his life was to Africa.

9. His most famous novel was “Robinson Crusoe”.

10. He died at the age of 45.